## 2017-2018 EĞİTİM-ÖĞRETİM YILI PHAR 501 MEZUNİYET PROJESİ KONULARI

Project Name (Summary)	Type of project (T: theoretical, P: practical)	Number of students* (1/2)	Advisor
1-Comparative Antioxidant Effect Of Some Turkish Olive Tree Products Scientific evidences have shown that beyond its rich nutritious value as a food; the leaves, fruits and fatty oil obtained from its fruits, Olive tree exerts a widespread of benefits to human health. Oleuropein and hydroxytyrosol are reported to be the main active components responsible from many of the healing benefits.  There are several types of Olive fruits and also different olive oils produced by various treatment technics having different tastes in the market.  Aim of this study is to comparatively evaluate the antioxidant potential of these marketed olive products before and after gastric simulation.	Practical	Deniz SARI İrem ASLANALP	Prof. Dr. Erdem YEŞİLADA Assist. Prof. Dr. Engin CELEP
2-Comparative Analysis Of Iridoid Contents Of Some Turkish Olive Tree Products  The Olive (Olea europaea L.) is a small tree, which belongs to the family Oleaceae and is native to tropical and warm temperate regions of the world. The tree, well-known for its fruit, also called the olive, is commercially essential in the Mediterranean region as a most important source of olive oil.  Oleuropein and hydroxytyrosol, secoiridoid compounds, are present in the whole Olea europaea L. olive tree and its products (olive oil, olive mill waste water and pomace).  The aims of this study are assessed as follows:  a) Screening of oleuropein and hydroxytyrosol using an HPTLC method  b) Quantification of oleuropein and hydroxytyrosol using an HPLC method.	Practical	Elçin İrem AKCAKOYUNLU Zeynep LEBLEBİCİ	Prof.Dr. Erdem YEŞİLADA Assist. Prof. Dr. Etil GÜZELMERİÇ
3-Isolation and structure elucidation of secondary metabolites from Sideritis germanicopolitana In the framework of this project, secondary metabolites such as flavonoids, phenylethanoid glycosides and iridoids will be isolated from the MeOH extract of Sideritis germanicopolitana by using common chromatographic techniques. The structures of the isolates will be elucidated by 1D and 2D NMR techniques as well as MS	Practical	Murat ERDOĞAN Umur ERDEM1	Prof. Dr. Hasan KIRMIZIBEKMEZ
4-The potential of Turkish Astragalus species for bioactive compounds  There is a growing interest on the isolation of bioactive metabolites from Astragalus species across globe. The genus Astragalus (Fabaceae) is represented around 450 species in the flora of Turkey. It receives much attention due to its cycloartane type-saponins which were reported to possess interesting biological activities, including immunostimulant, cytotoxic and adjuvant activities. In this project, the recent (2005-) pharmacological and phytochemical studies on Astragalus species from flora of Turkey will be summarized	Theoretical	Bensu YILDIZ	Prof. Dr. Hasan KIRMIZIBEKMEZ

5-Estimation of heavy metal content of some fish oil capsules sold in Turkish market Fish oils are rich in omega-3 fatty acids which have many health benefits. Fish oil containing capsules are among the best-selling food supplements worldwide. On the other hand fish oils can be contaminated with heavy metals which accumulate in fish body from their environment. This project is aimed at investigating the levels of heavy metals (Hg, Cd, Pb) in the fish oil capsules that are commercially available in Turkey. The samples will be digested with a suitable acid mixture. The heavy metal concentrations will be measured by atomic absorption spectrophotometer	Practical	Oben GÜL İpek ÖNEY	Prof. Dr. Hasan KIRMIZIBEKMEZ Assist. Prof. Dr. Muhammed HAMİTOĞLU Prof. Dr. Ahmet AYDIN
6-Bioavailability studies of phenolic compounds in <i>Hypericum cerastoides</i> (SPACH) ROBSON.	Practical	Sıla KILIÇ Osman Selim YILMAZ	Assist. Prof. Dr. Engin CELEP
7-The use of natural products in obesity treatment	Theoretical	Arzu DURMUŞLAR	Assist. Prof. Dr. Engin CELEP
8-Specific Antidotes and Their Illustrative Presentation The aim of this project is to review specific antidotes which are used to treat specific poisoning and to prepare illustration for explaining their mechanism of action. In this frame, the information about specific antidotes will be searched and illustration of their mechanism of action will be prepared. After achieving of this aim, health care professionals can use this illustration very easily during their professional activities.	Theoretical + Practical	Naime Şener	Prof. Dr. Ahmet AYDIN
9-Meta analysis of Mycotoxin (Aflatoxin, Ocratoxin, e.t.c.) Contamination Studies in Turkey  The aim of this project is to review and to do meta-analysis of published studies which were carried out in Turkey about mycotoxin contamination.  In this frame, all the published documents will be searched and their meta-analysis will be done.  After achieving of this study, mycotoxin contamination of Turkey will be determined and contamination trend will be found.	Theoretical	Nezihe Keskin	Prof. Dr. Ahmet AYDIN
10-Toxicological Evaluation of Electro Activated Water Electro activated water (EAW) is highly oxidizable disinfectant agent that is a good choice as a disinfectant and in many countries it is used commonly in a wide range of area such as food hygiene, agriculture and livestock, medicine, disinfection of restaurants, hotels and schools. The aim of this study is to evaluate the toxicity of EAW which is produced at different pH values and different chlorine concentrations.	Practical	Gülenay ALYURT	Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hande SİPAHİ Prof. Dr. Ahmet AYDIN

Theoretical	Simay ÖNCEBE	Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hande SİPAHİ
		Assist. Prof. Dr. Muhammed HAMİTOĞLU
Practical	_	
	Betul YAMAN	Assist. Prof. Dr. Etil GÜZELMERIÇ
	Büşra Naciye HAMİDİ	Assist. Prof. Dr. Muhammed HAMİTOĞLU
Practical		Assist. Prof. Dr. Etil GÜZELMERIÇ
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Practical	Ezgi TURCAN Sena AKTAŞ	Prof. Dr. Hülya AKGÜN
Theoretical	Miray BAHAROĞLU	Prof. Dr. Hülya AKGÜN
	Emre KARAÇAYIR	Prof. Dr. Meriç KÖKSAL AKKOÇ
Practical	Elif Ayça DEDEOĞLU	TIOI. DI. MENÇ KORSAL ARROÇ
Theoretical	Onur BAYRAKTAR	Prof. Dr. Meriç KÖKSAL AKKOÇ
	Practical  Practical  Practical  Practical	Practical  Parla Işıl YÜKSEL Betül YAMAN  Practical  Büşra Naciye HAMİDİ Lütfi MANGAL  Practical  Ezgi TURCAN Sena AKTAŞ  Theoretical  Miray BAHAROĞLU  Practical  Emre KARAÇAYIR Elif Ayça DEDEOĞLU

18-Advances in modifying and understanding whey protein functionality	Practical	Başak ŞEN	Prof. Dr. Mine YARIM YÜKSEL
19-New topical applications for treatment of burn wounds	Theoretical	Fulya BÜYÜKAKSAKAL	Prof. Dr. Mine YARIM YÜKSEL
<b>20-Synthesis of Novel Piperazine Derivatives</b> Student is expected to synthesize, purify and characterize new compounds under supervision of the advisor. Project is a practical study along with a literature research which will be used for the graduation thesis.	Practical	Şilan ÇATAK Cemre İrem AYGÜLER	Assist. Prof. Dr. Enise Ece GÜRDAL
<b>21-Synthesis of Novel Benzothiazole Derivatives</b> Student is expected to synthesize, purify and characterize new compounds under supervision of the advisor. Project is a practical study along with a literature research which will be used for the graduation thesis.	Practical	Jülide Cansu KARAKOÇ İrem FADILOĞLU	Assist. Prof. Dr. Enise Ece GÜRDAL
22-Patient education guideline for Pharmacists and health care providers (English & Turkish versions)	Practical	Selin SARIKAYA Ebru HAYDARGİL	Dr. Ahmed RADİ
23-The effect of patient education in the outcomes of pharmacotherapy	Theoretical	Eda ŞAMİÖZEN	Dr. Ahmed RADİ
<b>24-Electrochemical behavior of 5-Methyl-2-Benzoxazolinones</b> The purpose of this study is to elucidate the oxidation mechanism at glassy carbon electrode (GCE) by cyclic voltammetry (CV) for 5-methyl-2-benzoxazolinones derivatives in aqueous buffered solutions pH between 1 and 12. Based on experimental evidences, electrochemical behavior of 5-methyl-2-benzoxazolinone derivatives will be investigated and oxidation mechanism will be proposed. There will be experimental part in this project.	Practical	Büşra Arıcı	Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hayati ÇELİK
<b>25-Spectrophotometric determination of acid dissociation constant (pKa) values of some benzoxazolinone derivatives in bufferred solution</b> The purpose of this study is to determine the acid dissociation constant values of some substituted benzoxazolinone derivatives by using spectrophotometric method. There will be experimental part in this project.	Practical	Ayşe Dilan EKEN Melis KÜPELİ	Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hayati ÇELİK
<b>26-Electrochemical behavior of 2,2'-Azobispyridine</b> The purpose of this study is to review the oxidation and reduction mechanisms of 2,2'-Azobispyridine. At the same time, zinc(II) and nickel(II) complexes of the azo compound will be survey in different solution media. There will be experimental and literature research parts in this project.	Theoretical / Practical	Necati NURLU	Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hayati ÇELİK
27-Determination of drug active materials in pharmaceutical preparation by HPLC-DAD	Practical	Seren Kadriye ÇETİN	Assist. Prof. Dr. Ebru TÜRKÖZ ACAR

28-Investigation of light effect on storage conditions of some foods	Practical	Vahide MİÇOOĞULLARI	Assist. Prof. Dr. Ebru TÜRKÖZ ACAR
29-Investigation of antioxidant activity by using EAW	Practical	Mahmut Tugay KOŞAR	Assist. Prof. Dr. Ebru TÜRKÖZ ACAR
30-Development of liposomes to reduce cancer resistance Cancer cells evolve to be drug resistant or cross resistant. This is one of the major limitations of cancer therapies today. There are opportunities to overcome the resistance that develops. Liposomal formulation is one of the options. In this project, we will attempt to develop resistance overcoming liposomal formulation.	Practical	Egemen ÇAKIRLI Emre İNCETAŞ	Assist. Prof. Dr. Muhammed Abdur RAUF
31-Nanotechnology products for cancer diagnosis and treatment Anticancer drugs possesses severe side effects and many lead to therapeutic failure. The use of nanotechnology in cancer diagnosis and treatment focuses on destroying cancer cells with minimal damage to healthy tissue and organs. Most nanotechnology products are in the research and development stage. This study will overview the nanotechnology products for cancer diagnosis and treatment.	Theoretical	Büşra KARAİSMAİLOĞLU	Assist. Prof. Dr. Muhammed Abdur RAUF
32-Continuous manufacturing in pharmaceutical Industry Conventional pharmaceutical production is batch production. The conversion of batch processes to continuous manufacturing is the future of the pharmaceutical industry. This involve the continuous flow, end-to-end integration of manufacturing sub-processes with a significant level of control strategies. Some of the benefits of continuous manufacturing over traditional batch processes are reduced waste and downtime with increased gross margin and profitability. This project will overview the continuous pharmaceutical manufacturing in comparison to batch manufacturing.	Theoretical	Ali Can KINLI	Assist. Prof. Dr. Muhammed Abdur RAUF
33-Self-preserving personal care products Preservatives are chemical antimicrobials used in personal care products to prevent microbial spoilage, to improve shelf life of the product and to protect consumer against adverse microbial infection. Parabens, formaldehyde releasers, isothiazolinones, triclosan, betaines, urea-based preservatives, alcohols, acids, etc., are commonly used preservatives in personal care products. However, in recent times, questions on the safety of such popular preservatives have been on the rise. Formulation techniques have been reported to provide product preservation avoiding the usage of preservatives. This study will focus on such techniques.	Theoretical	Mehmet Tuğberk ÖZSOY	Assist. Prof. Dr. Muhammed Abdur RAUF
34- Development of Diagnostic Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems	Practical	Gizem AYAN Begüm ÖZDENGÜLSÜN	Assist. Prof. Dr. Gülengül DUMAN

35- Development of Edible Film Formulation	Practical	Duygunur BAYAR Sezai Ömer ÇALIŞKAN	Assist. Prof. Dr. Gülengül DUMAN
36- Biopharmaceutical Manufacturing	Practical	Ariyen FARŞİ Efe KÜÇÜK	Assist. Prof. Dr. Gülengül DUMAN Prof. Dr. Meriç KÖKSAL AKKOÇ
37 Characterization of Nanoparticle Formulation	Practical	Tuğçe DEMİRSOY Ayşe Demre BİNBOĞA	Assist. Prof. Dr. Gülengül DUMAN
38-The antidepressant and analgesic effects of Methylphenidate in mice.	Practical	İpek DURAK Belgin ÇIRAK	Prof. Dr. Turgay ÇELİK
39-The analysis of constipation in Turkish patients as a side effects of medicine.	Practical	Ece ÖZDEMİR Nur Melis ÜNSALAR	Prof. Dr. Turgay ÇELİK
40-Structure similarity search of marketed anti-inflammatory and antidepressant drugs Depression has been described to be comorbid with anti-inflammatory diseases. In this project the structures of marketed anti-inflammatory and antidepressant drugs will be classified according to their structure. A structure similarity search will then be carried out in order to determine if any similar molecular pathway could be involved for both of the diseases.	Practical	Barış TUNCER	Assoc. Prof. Dr. Esra ÖNEN BAYRAM Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hande SİPAHİ
41-Electrical conductivity and pKa values  This project will be a literature review that will analyze the possible correlation between the changes in pKa values and electrical conductivity. The consequences of inductive electronic effects on the mobility of a proton is well-known for short distances. Herein pharmacophores for which substitution induces outstanding pKa changes will be first examined. In a second part, the use of these pharmacophores for conductive biomaterials will be investigated.	Theoretical	Zeliha Betül ER	Assoc. Prof. Dr. Esra ÖNEN BAYRAM
42-Thalidomide and its analogues as therapeutic agents  Thalidomide, an isoindoline-1,3-dione derivative, is known for its catastrophic side effects that led to malformations in many newborns. These dramatic consequences ended up with a market withdrawal in early 60s. However, given its high efficiency, thalidomide is still prescribed for the treatment of cancer and leprosy. This review will focus on this immunomodulatory molecule's molecular mechanism of action and the development of its analogues for the generation of new therapeutic agents.	Theoretical	Bengisu YÜNKÜL	Assoc. Prof. Dr. Esra ÖNEN BAYRAM
43-Latest Development of Alzheimer Diseases	Theoretical	Buğrahan GÜLTEKİN	Prof. Dr. Hülya AKGÜN

44-Fluoride toothpastes or fluoridated toothpastes is safe for human cognitive behaviors?	Practical	İlke KUŞATMAN Övgü KAZANÇ	Prof. Dr. Turgay ÇELIK
45-New approaches in bronchopulmonary dysplasia	Theoretical	Damla ÜNLÜ	Prof. Dr. Mine YARIM YÜKSEL
46-Targeting Casein Kinase in Cancer	Theoretical	Sabiha Merve KARADURAN	Assist. Prof. Dr. Enise Ece GURDAL HAKGÖR
47-Metabolite Analysis	Theoretical	İremnur KARTALLIOĞLU	Assist. Prof. Dr. Ebru TÜRKÖZ ACAR
48-Clinically significant drug interactions and their management	Theoretical	Aleyna Buse BEKÇİ	Dr. Ahmad RADİ
49- The Story of Viracept Viracept is a protease inhibitor, used in the treatment of HIV. In May 2007 patient reported a strange smell of Viracept tablets. High level of impurity of ethyl methanesulfonate (EMS) was found in batches of Viracept produced in early 2007. EMS is a mutagenic, carcinogenic and teratogenic agent. All batches of Viracept on the market were recalled and marketing authorization was suspended. In August 2008, marketing authorization of Viracept was re-established. This review will focus on whole aspects of this story.	Theoretical	Kübra DEMİR	Yrd. Doç. Dr. Muhammed HAMİTOĞLU

<sup>\*</sup>Projelerde ismi geçen öğrenciler öğretim üyelerimiz tarafından bildirilen isimler olup, bunların dışında kalan proje konuları öğrenci işleri sekreterliğinde bulunan mezuniyet projesi tercih dilekçesi doldurularak en geç **20 Eylül 2016 Çarşamba** günü mesai bitimine kadar Öğrenci İşleri Sekreterliğine teslim etmeleri gerekmektedir.